

**From:** Magallanes, Downey  
**To:** [Micah Chambers](#)  
**Subject:** Monument Data  
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**Attachments:** [DOI National Monuments Data Call - Response 3.31.17 \(2\).xlsx](#)

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Here is the chart

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National Monuments Designation Authority	
Designation Authority	# of National Monuments (originally established)
Antiquities Act	159
Congress/Legislation	31
Congress & Antiquities Act	2
Congress & Presidential Proclamation (not via Antiquities Act)	1
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>193</b>

# of National Monuments - Originally Established (under DOI or with DOI as co-owner)	# of DOI National Monuments - Current (Currently under DOI or with DOI as co-owner)
193	123

Range of years National Monuments were established	
Time Period	# of National Monuments (originally established)
1906-1909	24
1910-1919	18
1920-1929	26
1930-1939	25
1940-1949	6
1950-1959	4
1960-1969	9
1970-1979	19
1980-1989	3
1990-1999	2
2000-2009	27
2010-2017	30
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>193</b>

Note: The number of current DOI Monuments is now 123.

**Notes:**

The "National Monuments Data" tab includes National Monuments that were established under other Federal Agencies (such as NOAA, and Forest Service). These monuments were included in this data call as a number of the monuments have been transferred between DOI and the Forest Service. The data is sortable, which allows for different views (such as including or excluding the Forest Service National Monuments).

National Monuments that were abolished or re-designated as a National Park, Refuge, Preserve, or Seashore or transferred to an external agency are also included in this data call. See column B in the "National Monuments Data" tab for DOI Bureau name (or other non-DOI agency name) and latest designation (if no longer a National Monument).

Per BLM, courts give deference to BLM and the Resource Objects and Values (ROV's) that are further defined by BLM through NEPA, in addition to the more general nature of the Proclamation language. For reference, the BLM ROV's are included in the "National Monuments Data" tab under Column K for each BLM managed National Monument.

[illegible]

## DOI National Monuments - Data Call

3/15/2017

NPS	Buck Island Reef National Monument	Virgin Islands	St. John	1961	Antiquities Act	50.00	1	015.47	Proclamation 3443, December 28, 1961. While Buck Island and its adjoining shoals, rocks, and undersea coral reef formations possess one of the finest marine gardens in the Caribbean Sea and while these lands and the related features are of great scientific interest and educational value to students of the sea and to the public and while the sunken quarries and the area near the wharves are dependent upon it as a subject to constant threat of commercial exploitation and destruction and while the Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites, Buildings and Monuments, expressed by the call for the monument the coral reefs of Buck Island, has urged the prompt protection to prevent further despoliation and while the scientific interest to preserve the sea of outstanding scientific, aesthetic, and educational importance for the benefit and enjoyment of the people.
NPS	Cabrillo National Monument	California	San Diego	1913	Antiquities Act	0.50		159.94	Established under: War Department. Transferred to NPS in 1933. AND WHEREAS, when Cabrillo sailed into San Diego Bay on the 28th day of September, 1542, Point Loma was the first sighted and The Order of Panama, an organization composed of representatives of citizens of Southern California, has applied for permission to construct a historic statue of Juan Rodriguez Cabrillo, the discoverer of California, on Point Loma which lies within the military reservation of Fort Rosecrans, California, and has requested that a suitable site be set aside for such monument.
BLM	California Coastal National Monument	California	Maine	2000/2014/2017	Antiquities Act	3,937.00		0	Proclamation 7364, January 11, 2000. The islands, rocks, and pinnacles of the California Coastal National Monument overwhelm the view, as white-capped waves crash into the vertical cliffs or deeply eroded sea channels and other water-filled empty spaces back into the ocean. Amidst that beauty lies replaceable scientific values vital to protect the fragile ecosystems of the California coast. At land's end, the islands, rocks, exposed reefs, and pinnacles offer the coast above mean high tide provide Havens for significant populations of sea mammals and birds. They are part of a narrow and important flight lane in the Pacific Flyway, a overriding essential habitat for feeding, perching, resting, and shelter. The California Coastal National Monument is a biological treasure. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or management's reports. Including Cultural Resources - Pre-European Educational Value - Interpretation. Natural Resources - Marine mammals. Recreational Value - Wildlife observation on coastal sightseeing. Scientific Value - Research.
NPS	Natural Monument	Arizona	Apache County	1931	Congressional Proclamation	83,840.00		83,840.00	All on Indian Territory. Authorized by Congress and established through Proclamation. WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by including the lands hereinafter described within a national monument for the preservation of a great number of cliff dwellings and for the archaeological interest.
BLM	Canyons of the Ancients National Monument	Colorado	Dolores	2000	Antiquities Act	175,160.00		8,630	June 9, 2000. Containing the highest known densities of a chaeological sites in the Nation, the Canyons of the Ancients National Monument holds evidence of culture and traditions spanning thousands of years. This area, with its intertwined natural and cultural resources, suggests landscape, a quality that greatly contributes to the protection of its scientific and historic objects. The monument offers an unparalleled opportunity to observe, study, and experience how culture evolved and adapted over time in the American Southwest. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or management's reports. Including Archeology, Geology, Raptor, and Reptiles.
NPS	Cape Krusenstern National Monument	Alaska	Kotzebue	1978	Antiquities Act	560,000.00		627,190.67	Proclamation 4615, December 1, 1978. The area of the northwest Alaska known as Cape Krusenstern contains an archeological record of great significance. The Cape's bluffs and terraces of one hundred four thousand year old beach ridges hold an archeological record of every major cultural period associated with habitation on the Alaska coast nearly the last 5000 years. The ruggedly shaped lands by the island, including the Kakagrak Hills, the Rabbit Creek area and others, have an older archeological record dating back to pre-Eskimo periods as old as 8000 years ago. This continent of evidence of great historic and scientific importance is the study of human survival and cultural evolution. The area contains examples of other unique natural processes. The climatological conditions are conducive to the formation of Naleds, one spectacular example of which occurs in the area. In the same island area at Klenak Creek, found the only known Alaskan example of a still recognizable Illinoian glacial esker, a formation with which covers 100,000 years old. The unique geological processes of erosion and sediment transport in this area created and continue to create the beach ridges in which is preserved the archeological record of the beach civilizations. Also found in the area is a wide variety of plant and animal species, from the marine life along the shoreline and to lagoons to the inland populations such as musk-oxen, Dall sheep, caribou and many small species.
NPS	Capulin Volcano National Monument	New Mexico	Capulin	1916	Antiquities Act	640.42		792.84	Established as Capulin Mountain NM then redesignated as Capulin Volcano NM in 1987. WHEREAS, Capulin Mountain, located in Township twenty-nine and thirty North, Range twenty-eight East of the New Mexico Pacific Meridian, New Mexico, is a striking example of recent extinct volcanoes and of great scientific and especially geological interest.
BLM	Carson National Monument	California	Bakersfield	2001	Antiquities Act	204,107.00		35,772.00	Proclamation 7393, January 17, 2001. Full of natural splendor and rich in human history, the master caravans and stages in the Carson National Monument contain an exceptional objects of scientific and historic interest. Since the mid-1800s, the great portions of the grasslands that once spanned the entire four hundred mile expanse of California's mesa by San Joaquin Valley and other valleys in the region have been eliminated by extensive land conversion to agriculture, industry, and urban land uses. The Carson National Monument, which is dramatically bisected by the San Andreas Fault zone, is the last undeveloped remnant of this ecosystem, providing crucial habitat for the long-term conservation of the many endemic plant and animal species that still inhabit the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or management's reports. Including Cultural and Geographical. San Joaquin Antelope Squirrel. Blunt-nosed leopard mountain dove. Longhorn fairy shrimp. Vernal pool fairy shrimp. Kern mountain quail. Le Conte's thrasher. Rare and sensitive plant species.
NPS	Casa Grande National Monument	Arizona	Coolidge	1918	Antiquities Act	480.00		472.50	Casa Grande Ruins Reservation was set aside by President Benjamin Harrison on June 22, 1892, to protect the "Casa Grande" or Great House, a multi-storied, earthen-walled structure surrounded by the remains of smaller buildings and a compound wall. The Great House was constructed by the Hohokam people, who farmed the Gila Valley of south-central Arizona from AD 300-1450. Casa Grande Ruins Reservation was both the largest historic site to be set aside by the United States government. The site became a national monument on August 3, 1918, under the authority of the Antiquities Act and was transferred to the National Park Service on that date.
BLM/Bureau of Reclamation (USBR)	Cascade-Siskiyou National Monument	Oregon	Medford	2000/2017	Antiquities Act	52,000.00		100,000	Proclamation 7318, June 2000. With towering forests, sunlit oak groves, windflower meadows, and steep canyons, the Cascade-Siskiyou National Monument is an ecological wonder, with biological diversity unmatched in the Cascade Range. This enclave of natural resources is a biological crossroads—the face of the Cascade, Klamath, and Siskiyou ecoregions, an area of unique geology, biology, climate, and topography. The monument is home to a spectacular variety of rare and beautiful species of plants and animals, whose survival in the region depends upon its continued ecological integrity. Proclamation 7318 (rev. 2017) hereby proclaims the objects identified above that are situated upon lands and interests in lands owned or controlled by the Federal Government to be part of the Cascade-Siskiyou National Monument and, for the purpose of protecting those objects, reserve as part of the eolal lands and interests in lands owned or controlled by the Federal Government within the boundaries described in the accompanying map, which is attached hereto and forms a part of this Proclamation. These reserved Federal lands and interests in lands encompass approximately 48,000 acres. The boundaries described in the accompanying map are confined to the smallest area compatible with the proper care and management of the objects to be protected. Nothing in this Proclamation shall change the management of the area protected under Proclamation 7318. To the maximum extent possible, the same mean as those defined in Proclamation 7318. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or management's reports. Including Good Leaf Deciduous Trees and Shrubs. Diverse Vegetation and Biological Richness. Ecological Integrity. Mosaic of Plant Communities. Natural Ecosystem Dynamics. Natural Processes. Old Growth Habitat. Range of Fauna. Rare and Endemic Plants. Special Plant Communities.
NPS	Castillo San Marcos National Monument	Florida	Fort Marion	1924	Antiquities Act	18.51		19.31	Established as Ft. Marion NM in 1924, transferred to NPS in 1933 and redesignated Castillo San Marcos NM in 1942. AND WHEREAS, by section 2 of the Act of Congress approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225) the President is authorized to declare by public Proclamation historic landmarks, historic and prehistoric structures, and other objects of historic or scientific interest that are situated upon the lands owned or controlled by the Government of the United States to be National monuments, and may reserve as a part thereof parcels of land, the limits of which in all cases shall be confined to the smallest area compatible with the proper care and management of the objects to be protected.
NPS	Castle Clinton National Monument	New York	New York	1946	Congress	1.00			Authorized in 1946 and established in 1950 when land was ceded to Federal Government. War of 1812 Memorial. Belonged to the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to accept, on behalf of the United States, title to the site, comprising approximately one acre and situated in Battery Park, New York City, of the historic structure known as Castle Clinton, together with such structure and any other improvements on or appurtenant to such site.
NPS	Castillo Mountains National Monument	California	Bastow	2016	Antiquities Act	20,920.00		20,902.00	February 12, 2016. The Castle Mountains area, bounded on the east by Mojave National Preserve (Preserve), possesses outstanding natural, cultural, and historic values representing some of the finest characteristics of the eastern Mojave Desert. It connects water flow and wildlife corridors of the Preserve, and completes the boundary of the Preserve along the California-Nevada border. Beneath the shadow of its Peak is a rich cultural and historic resource, including Native American archaeological sites and the historic gold mining ghost town of Hawthorne. Exposed geological features contribute to the area's outstanding scenic view. Shaped by millions of years of geological forces, the rugged Castle Mountains are emblematic of the Mojave landscape.
NPS	Cedars of Lebanon National Monument	Utah	Cedar City	1933	Antiquities Act	5,701.39		6,154.60	The historic site of the United States of America was in 1905, when it was included as a part of the Sevier (now Dixie) National Forest and was administered by the Forest Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The area was established as a National Monument by Presidential Proclamation on August 22, 1933, and was placed under the administration of the National Park Service of the U.S. Department of the Interior. WHEREAS it appears desirable, in the public interest, to exclude certain lands from the Dixie National Forest, Utah, and include said lands within a national monument for the preservation of the spectacular cliffs, canyons, and features of scenic, scientific, and educational interest contained therein.

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NPS	C. a Chavez t onal onument	Ifo n a	Keene	2012	Ant qu t es Act	0.50	10.50	October 08, 2012 The p ope ty n Keene, Cal fo n a, known as Nuest a Seño a Re na de la Paz (Ou Lady Queen of Peace) (La Paz), s ecogn zed fo ts h sto c s gn f cance fo Cesa Est ada Chavez and the fa m wo ke movement. Cesa Chavez s one of the most eve ed c v l ghts leads n the h sto y of the Un ted States. f om humble beg n ngs n Yuma, A zona, to the found ng of the Un ted Fa m wo ke s (UFW) movement, Cesa Chavez knew f shand the d ff cult con t ons and ha dsh ps that conf oned fa m wo ke fam l e ac ss the Un ted States and the cont but on to feed ng the Nat on. He saw and expe enced the d ff cult con t ons and ha dsh ps that conf oned fa m wo ke fam l e And th ough h ha d wo k, pe seve ance, and pe sonal sac f ces, he ded cated h l f e to the st uggle fo espect and d gn ty fo the fa m wo ke s of Ame ca. Th oughout h l f e, Cha les Young ove came countless obstacles n h s ascent to p om nence. In sp de ove t ac sm and st r ng, nequal ty, Young ose th ough the m l ta y anks to become one of the most expected leads s of h s t me. A we l- ounded man w th a steadfast devot on to duty, Young led by example and nsp ed a gene at on of new leads s.	
NPS	Buffalo Sold e s Monument	Oh o		2013	Ant qu t es Act	59.65	59.66		
NPS	Ch. cahua Nat onal Monument	A zona	W kox	1924	Ant qu t es Act	3 655.12	12 022.38		
NPS	Colo ado Nat onal Monument	Colo ado	F u ta	1911	Ant qu t es Act	13,883.06	20 536.39		
NPS/BLM/State/P va te	C ate s of the Moon Nat onal Monument	Idaho	Shoshone	1924/2000	Ant qu t es Act	53,571.05	737,525.00	15 000	
NPS	Dev l Postle Nat onal Monument	Cal fo n a	Mammoth Lakes	1911	Ant qu t es Act	798.46	800.19		
NPS	Dev ls Towe Nat onal Monument	Wyom ng	Dev ls Towe	1906	Ant qu t es Act	1 193.91	1,346.91		
NPS	D nosau Nat onal Monument	Utah, Colo ado		1915	Ant qu t es Act	80.00	205,685.51		
NPS	Eff gy Mounds Nat onal Monument	Iowa	Ha pe s fe y	1949	Ant qu t es Act	1 000.00	2,526.39		
NPS	El Malpa s Nat onal Monument	New Mex co	G ants	1987	Cong ess	109,946.76			
NPS	El Mo o Nat onal Monument	New Mex co	Ramah	906	Ant qu t es Act	160.00	1,039.92		
NPS	Fo ssant Foss l Beds Nat onal Monument	Colo ado	Flo ssant	1969	Cong ess	5 992.32			
NPS	Fo t Matanzas Nat onal Monument	Flo da	St. August ne	1924	Ant qu t es Act	1 00	298.51		
NPS	Fo t Mon oe Nat onal Monument	V g n a	Fo t Mon oe	2011	Ant qu t es Act	325.21	262.58		
BLM	Fo t O d Nat onal Monument	Cal fo n a	Ma na	2012	Ant qu t es Act	14,651.00			
NPS	Fo t Plusk Nat onal Monument	Geo ga	Savannah	1924	Ant qu t es Act	20.00	5,365.13		
NPS	Fo t Starw x Nat onal Monument	New Yo k	Rome	1935	Cong ess	15.52			
NPS	Fo t Sumte Nat onal Monument	South Ca ol na	Cha leston	1948	Cong ess	230.63			
NPS	Fo t Un on Nat onal Monument	New Mex co	Wat ous	1954	Cong ess	720.60			
NPS	Foss l Butte Nat onal Monument	Wyom ng	Kenme e	1972	Cong ess	8 198.00			

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	NPS	Natural Monument	Utah	Blanding	1908	Antiquities Act	120.00	7,636.49		WHEREAS, the Natural B. dgers Nat onal Monument, emb ac ng th ee ext ad na y natu al b. dgers, together w th fo ty ac es of land a ound each b. dger, was c eated by P oclamat on the P es dent, dated Ap 116, 1908, and 247 248 VIII. WHEREAS, at the t me th s monument was c eated noth ng was known of the local on and cha acte of the p eh sto c us n the v c n ty of the b. dgers, no of the local on of the b. dgers and the p eh sto c cave sp ng, also he eby ese ved, w th e e nce to the publ c So veys, the same be ng many m les f om su veyed land.	
	NPS	Navajo Nat onal Monument	A zona	Shonto	1909	Antiquities Act	360.00			WHEREAS, a numbe of p eh sto c cl ff dwell ngs and pueblo uns, s tuated w th n the Navajo Ind an Rese val on, A zona, and wh ch s a new to sc ence and wholly unexplo ed, and because of the solt on and s s e e of the ve y g eatest ethnolog cal, sc ent f c and educat onal nte est, and t appea s that the publ c nte est would be p omoted by ese v ng these ext ad na y us ns of an unknown people, w th as much land as may be necessa y fo the p ope p ect on the eaf	
Pa taly	FWS & NOAA	No theast Canyons and Seamounts Ma ne Nat onal Monument	Atlant c Ocean/Massachuset s	N/A	2016	Antiquities Act	3 144,320.00			P oclamat on 9496, September 15, 2016 Fo gene at ons, commun tes and fam les have el ed on the wate s of the no thwest Atlant c Ocean and have told of the wonder s. Th oughout New England, the ma t me t ades, and espec ly f sh ng, have supp ted a v ant way of lfe, w th deep cultu al oots and a st ong connect on to the health of the ocean and the beauty ty ov des. Over the past seve al decades, the Nat on has made g eat st des n ts stewa dsh p of the ocean, but the ocean faces new th eats f om va ed uses, cl mate change, and elated mpacts. Th ough explo at on, we cont nue to make new scove es and mp ove ou und stand ng of ocean ecosystems. In these wate s, the Atlant c Ocean meets the cont nental shelf n a eg on of g eat abundance and d ve s ys as well as sta k geolog cal el ef. The wate s a e home to many spec es of deep-sea co als, f sh, whales and other ma ne mammals. Th es subma ne canyons and, beyond them, fou und sea mounts n e n the wate s app on mately 330 n les southeast of Cape Cod. Th s a ea the canyon and seamount a al includes un que ecolog cal esou ces that have long been the subject of sc ent f c nte est. The canyons sta t at the edge of the geolog cal cont nental shelf and op f om 200 mete s to thousands of mete s deep. The seamounts a e fa the off sho e, at the sta tof the New England Seamount cha n, s ng thousands of mete s f om the ocean floo . These canyons and seamounts a e home to at least 54 spec es of deep-sea co als, wh ch l ve at depths of at least 3 800 mete s below the sea s face. The co als, together w th other s ctu e fo m ng fauna such as sponges and jermemes, e eate a foundat on fo v ls and deep-sea ecosystems, p ovd ng food, spann ng hab tat, and she to an a y of f sh and nve lab ate spec es.	Pu suant to P es dent al P oclamat on 9496, FWS manages the No theast Canyons and Seamounts MNM unde the Nat onal W ldl fe Refuge System Adm n st at on Act n coope at on w th NOAA.
	NPS	Ocmulgee Nat onal Monument	Geo ga	Macon	1936	Cong ess	45.94	701.54		WHEREAS t appea s that ce ta n lands adjo n ng the Lama Un tof the Ocmulgee Nat onal Monument n Geo ga, wh ch have been donated to the Un ted States, conta n ev dence of an old Ind an stockade and other objects of h sto cal nte est and WHEREAS t appea s that t would be n the publ c nte est to set such lands as de fo nat onal monument pu poses	
	NPS	O egon Caves Nat onal Monument	O egon	Cave Junct on	1909	Antiquities Act	465.80	4,554.03		Established unde USFS. T ansfe ed to NPS n 1933 and edes grated at O egon Caves Nat onal Monument and P ese ve n 2014 th ough 113th Cong ess. WHEREAS, ce ta n natu al caves, known as the O egon Caves, wh ch a e s tuated upon unso veyed land w th n the S k you Nat onal Fo est n the State of O egon, a e of unusual sc ent f c nte est and mp o tance, and t appea s that the publ c nte ests w l be p omoted by ese v ng these caves w th as much land as may be necessa y fo the p ope p ect on the eaf, as a Nat onal Monument.	
	BLM	O gan Mounta ns-Dese t Peaks Nat onal Monument	New Mex co	Las C uces	2014	Antiquities Act	496,330.00		77 088	May 21, 2014 In southe n New Mex co, su ound ng the c ty of Las C uces n the R o G and e ffe t le Mes lla Valley, f ve conc mounta n anges se above Ch huahua Dese t g asslands the Robledo, S e a de las Uvas, Doña Ana, O gan, and Pot llo Mounta ns. These mounta n anges and lowlands fo m the O gan Mounta ns-Dese t Peaks a ea. The O gan Mounta ns-Dese t Peaks a ea s mp o tant fo ts uggerly beaut l landscape and the s gn f cant sc ent f c, h sto c, and p eh sto c esou ces found the e. The abundant esou ces test fy to be 10,000 yea s of b eauty and ve se human h sto y of many peoples. Objects left beh nd by ts mult lye ed h sto y and sp ead th oughout ts geolog caly and ecolog caly d ve se landscape enhance the expe ence of v sto to the a ea and ep esent a v tal esou ce fo paleontologists, a chaeolog sts, geolog sts, b olog sts, and h sto ans. BLM esou ces, objects and values a e fu the def ned th ough management plans and/o manage s ep o ts. Including A chaeolog al Resou ces B olog cal and Ecolog cal Resou ces Geolog cal Resou ces H sto cal Resou ces Paleontolog cal Resou ces	
	NPS	O gan P pe Cactus Nat onal Monument	A zona	Ajo	1937	Antiquities Act	330,690.00	329,365.29		Where es ce ta n publ c lands n the State of A zona conta n h sto c landma ks, and have s tuated the se on v s objects of h sto c and sc ent f c nte est and t appea s that t would be n the publ c nte est to ese ve such lands as a nat onal monument, to be known as the O gan P pe Cactus Nat onal Monument. P oclamat on 2232—Ap 113, 1937	
Pa taly	FWS & NOAA	Pac f c Remote Islands Ma ne Nat onal Monument	Pac f c Ocean	N/A	2009	Antiquities Act	55,608,320.00	313,941,851.32		Th ough P oclamat on 8336 of Janua y 6, 2009, the P es dent establ shed the Pac f c Remote Islands Ma ne Nat onal Monument to p ect and p ese ve the ma ne env onment a ound Wake, Baker, Howland, and Ja s Islands, Johnston and Palmy a Atolls, and K ngman Reef fo the ca e and management of the h sto c and sc ent f c objects the n. The Monument s an mp o tant pa t of the most w desp ed collect on of ma ne and te est al l fe p ected a eas on the planet, susta n ng many endem c spec es nclud ng co als, f sh, shell sh, ma ne mammals, seab ds, wate b ds, land b ds, nsects, and vegetat on not found elsewe e. The Monument includes the lands, wate s, and subme ged and eme gent lands of the seven Pac f c Remote Islands ty nes of fat lude and k ng lude that e app on mately 50 nat cal m les f om the mean low wate l nes of those seven Pac f c Remote Islands. The lands of Ja v s, Howland, and Baker we e also the local on of notable b ave y and sac f ce by a small numbe of volunta y Hawa an colon sts, known as Hu Panalāʻau, who occupied the lands f om 1935 to 1942 to help secu e the U.S. te to al cla m ove the lands.	(P oclamat ons 8336, 9173) Pu suant to P es dent al P oclamat ons 8336 and 9173, and Sec eta y s O de 3284 as amended 8/31/2016), FWS manages the Pac f c Remote Islands MNM unde the Nat onal W ldl fe Refuge System Adm n st at on Act n coope at on w th NOAA.
Pa taly	FWS/NOAA/State of Hawa n Affa s	Papahānaumokuā ea Ma ne Nat onal Monument	Pac f c Ocean	N/A	2006/2016	Antiquities Act	89,600,000.00	372,848,597.00		Established as No thweste n Hawa an Islands Nat onal Monument. Redes grated as Papahānaumokuākea Ma ne Nat onal Monument n 2007. To p ect and p ese ve the ma ne a ea of the No thweste n Hawa an Islands, nclud ng the No thweste n Hawa an Islands Co al Reef Ecosystem Rese ve, the M dway Nat onal W ldl fe Refuge, the Hawa an Islands Nat onal W ldl fe Refuge, and the Battle of M dway Nat onal Memo al, that suppo a dynam c ec osystem w th n e than 7,000 m ne spec es, s s home to endange d g een sea, leather back, and hawks an Isula tes. The Ca e an Woodpecke and the Hawa an Mouse along w th fou teen m on rest ng seab ds. The a ea holds g eat cultu al s gn f cance to Nat ve Hawa ans and has a connect on to ealy Polynes an cultu e.	Pu suant to P es dent al P oclamat ons 8031 and 8112, FWS adm n tes s 284,213,568 ac es of ma ne, subme ged, and eme gent featu es n the Papahānaumokuākea MNM unde the Nat onal W ldl fe Refuge System Adm n st at on Act. NOAA has ma y management expors b ty fo the ma ne a ea n the ema n ng 88,635,029 ac es, except that FWS adm n tes the subme ged lands n ts a ea unde the Nat onal W ldl fe Refuge System Adm n st at on Act. The ent e monument s co-managed w th NOAA, the State of Hawa n, and the Off ce of Hawa an Affa s.
	NPS	Pe y s V cto y and Inte nat onal Peace Memo al Nat onal Monument	Put-In-Bay	Oh o	1936	Antiquities Act	25.00	23.14		Established as Pe y s V cto y and Inte Nat onal Monument by F ankl n D. Roosevelt on June 2, 1936 (P oclamat on No. 2182) edes grated a Nat onal Memo al and enamed on October 26, 1972. Fo the p ese vat on of the h sto cal assu at ons connected the ew th, to nclucate the lessons of nte nat onal peace by a b t at on and of sa mament, and fo the benef t and enjoyment of the people Commenc ng at the nte sect on of the m ddle l ne of Del	
	NPS	Pet gnyph Nat onal Monument	New Mex co	Albuque que	1990	Cong ess	2 936.37			In o de to p ese ve, fo the benef t and enjoyment of p esent and futu e gene at ons, that a ea n New Mex co conta n ng the nat onal y s gn f cant West Mesa Escapment, the Las Imag nes Nat onal A chaeolog cal D st ct, a po to n of the At sco Land G ant, and other s gn f cant natu al and cu tu al esou ces, and to fac llate esea ch act v es assoc ated w th the esou ces, the e he eby establ shed the Pet gnyph Nat onal Monument.	
	NPS	P pe Sp ngs Nat onal Monument	A zona	F edon a	1923	Antiquities Act	40.00			Established as the monument affo ds the only wate between Hu cane and F edon a, a stance of 62 m les, that W mo Castle was used as a place of efuge f om host le Ind ans by ealy settle s that w as the f st stat on of the Dese et Teleg aph n A zona and that, t appea s that the publ c good would be p omoted by ese v ng the land on wh ch P pe Sp ng and the ealy dwel ng place a e located as a Nat onal Monument.	
	NPS	Pestone Nat onal onal Monument	M nesota	t	1937	ng ess	1 6.00	281.78		ACT OF AUGUST 25, 1937, ESTABLISHING PESTONE NATIONAL MONUMENT. An Act To establ sh the Pestone Nat onal Monument n the State of M nesota, app oved August 25, 1937 (50 Stat. 804) (a) Establshment. bounds es Be enacted by the Senate and House of Rep esentat ves of the Un ted States of Ame a n Cong ess assembled, That the lands ly ng n P pestone County, M nesota, w th n the a ea he e nafter desc bed a e ed cated and set apa t as a nat onal monument fo the benef t and enjoyment of the people of the Un ted States, unde the name of the " P pestone Nat onal Monument"	
	BLM	Pompeys P lla Nat onal Monument	Montana		2001	Antiquities Act	51.00			Janua y 17, 2001 Pompeys P lla Nat onal Monument s a mass ve sandstone outc op that ses f om an almost two-ac e base on the banks of the Yellowstone R ve 150 feet towa d Montana's B g Sky, east of B lngs. The monument s p em e local on at a natu al fo d n the Yellowstone R ve, and ts geolog d st nct on as the only majo sandstone fo mat on n the a ea, have made Pompeys P lla a celeb ted landma k and outstand ng observat on po nt fo mo e than eleven thousand yea s of human occupat on. Hand ed of m g ngs, pet glyphs, and nce p ons left by s to s have t ando med ts geolog c phenomenon nto a v ng ngnal of the Ame an West. BLM esou ces, ob ects and values a e fu the def ned th ough management plans and/o manage s ep o ts, nclud ng He tage Resou ces Natu al Resou ces	
	NPS	Pove ty Po nt Nat onal Monument	Lou s ana	Epps	988	Cong ess	910.00		910.00	Establishes the Pove ty Po nt Nat onal Monument n Lou s ana. Requ es the Sec eta y of the Inte o, w th n two yea s afte enactment of th s Act, to develop and mpement a management plan fo such monument. Author es the Sec eta y to ente nto coope at ve ag ements w th nat st ons of h ghe educat on and p ofess onal soc et es to conduct fu the esea ch on Pove ty Po nt, ts people, and the cu tu e. Educat onal Resou ces Rec eat onal Resou ces Scen c Resou ces Sc ent f c Resou ces BLM esou ces, ob ects and values a e fu the def ned th ough management plans and/o manage s ep o ts, nclud ng Educat onal Resou ces Paleontolog cal Resou ces Rec eat onal Resou ces Scen c Resou ces	
	BLM	P eh sto c T ackways Nat onal Monument	New Mex co	Las C uces	2009	Cong ess	5 255.00			Sc ent f c Resou ces	
	NPS	P es dent Lncoln and Sold e s Home Nat onal Monument	D.C.	Wash ngton	2000	Antiquities Act	2 30			P oclamat on 7329, July 7, 2000 Each yea f om 1862 th ough 1864, P es dent Ab aham Lncoln and h s fam ly left the Wh te House to take up es dence du ng the wa m weathe months at Ande son Cottage, a home n no thwest Wash ngton, D.C., on the ounds of a s te then known as the Sold e s Home. T s est mated that P es dent Lncoln spent one qua te of h s p es dence at th s home, d ng out to t many even ngs f om late June unt l ea ly November. Th s house and ts ounds a e objects of g eat h sto c s gn f cance and nte est. W h e n September of 1862, that P es dent Lncoln completed the d ft ng of the Emanc pat on P oclamat on. Th s house and ts ounds a e objects of g eat h sto c s gn f cance and nte est. W h e n September of 1862, that P es dent Lncoln completed the d ft ng of the Emanc pat on P oclamat on. Th s house and ts ounds a e objects of g eat h sto c s gn f cance and nte est. W h e n September of 1862, that P es dent Lncoln completed the d ft ng of the Emanc pat on P oclamat on.	
	NPS	Pu lman Nat onal Monument	Ill no s	Ch cago	2015	Antiquities Act	0 24	0.40		D ve se people whose sto es nte tw ne n Pullman sought oppo tun ty. Some succeeded. Other s we e m ted by ace, gende, o econom c status. The sto es came together n the town of Pullman, a planned commun ty fanned fo ts u ban des gn and a ch tectu e. Des gned as a utop a, t was a place to p ove wo ke s w th a safe commun ty, a bette standa d of l v ng, and lfe w thout soc al ls.	



## DOI National Monuments - Data Call

3/15/2017

	NPS	Rainbow Bridge National Monument	Utah	Lake Powell	1910	Antiquities Act	160.00			WHEREAS, an extraordinary natural bridge, having an arch which spans 130 feet and appears as much like a rainbow, and which is the highest and most beautiful of its kind in the world, and is situated on the south side of the Colorado River, and is of great scientific interest as an example of recent geological action, and it appears that the public interest would be promoted by reserving this bridge as a National Monument, together with as much land as may be needed for its protection.	
	NPS	Reconquista National Monument	South Carolina	Beaufort County	2017	Antiquities Act	3.20			The Reconquista National Monument was established by Executive Order on January 1, 1980, to preserve one of the most complicated and poorly understood periods in American history. During the Reconquista, from 1861 to 1865, Confederate forces, newly freed from bondage, sought to integrate themselves into the society, into the education, economy, and political life of the county. This began in late 1861 in Beaufort County, S.C., after Union forces won the Battle at Fort Royal Sound and fought the Lowcountry Campaign in the South Carolina coastal area. Union control of More than 10,000 slaves, emancipated when the owners fled the cotton and rice plantations. The Lincoln Administration at the time decided to state the Fort Royal Experiment. Beaufort County to help the former slaves become self-sufficient. The Reconquista on the National Monument includes four sites in Beaufort County: Daughters of the Confederacy, the Baptist Church, the Penn School National Historic Landmark site on St. Helena Island, which includes the site of one of the county's first schools for freed slaves and a church built by slaves for the owners in 1855 and then turned over to the former slaves in 1862 when the owners left the area. The Camp Station Site, on U.S. Navy property in Fort Royal, where some of the former slaves and American citizens lived the U.S. Army, and the site where elaborate ceremonies were held on New Year's Day 1863 to announce and celebrate the issuance of the Emancipation Proclamation and, The Old Beaufort Lighthouse, an historic building located in the midst of historic downtown Beaufort in the walking distance of dozens of historic sites. Reconquista on property.	
	BLM	Rio Grande del Norte National Monument	New Mexico	Taos	2013	Antiquities Act	242,555.00	68,020.00		March 25, 2013. In faith of the New Mexico, the Rio Grande and the Santa Fe flows through a deep gorge at the edge of the state and sweep the expanse of the Taos Plateau. Volcanic cones, including the Cerro de la Olla, Cerro San Antonio, and Cerro del Yuta, sit up from the surrounding plateau. Canyons, volcanic cones, wild rivers, and native grasslands have vital wildlife habitat, unique geological features, and remnants of human passage through the landscape over the past 10,000 years. This extraordinary landscape of extraordinary beauty and dramatic diversity is known as the Rio Grande del Norte, and is extraordinary of scientific and historic interest. BLM resources, objects, and values are the defined through management plans and/or management reports. Including Cultural Resources Ecology Diversity Resources Geological Resources Wildlife Resources	
Partially	FWS & NOAA	Rose Atoll Marine National Monument	Pacific Ocean (American Samoa)		2009	Antiquities Act	8,609,045.00			Pronounced on 8/31/2009, January 6, 2009, in the Pacific Ocean approximately 130 nautical miles east-southeast of Pago Pago Harbor, American Samoa, the Rose Atoll is the easternmost Samoan island and the southernmost part of the Line Islands. This small atoll, which includes the Rose Atoll National Wildlife Refuge with about 20 acres of land and 1,600 acres of lagoon, contains one of the most pristine atolls in the world. The islands, submerged lands, waters, and marine environment around Rose Atoll support a dynamic reef ecosystem that is home to a variety of diverse assemblages of terrestrial and marine species, many of which are threatened or endangered.	Pursuant to Presidential Proclamation 8337 and Secretaries of the Interior and State 3284 (as amended 8/31/2010), FWS manages the monument submerged lands and waters in consultation with NOAA and the American Samoa government. NOAA has management responsibilities for the seaward extent of the perimeter reef of a National Marine Sanctuary.
	NPS	Russell Cave National Monument	Alabama	Bartholomew	1961	Antiquities Act	310.45			Pronounced on 3/13, May 11, 1961. Whereas Russell Cave, in the State of Alabama, is recognized and by scientific studies contains outstanding archeological and ethnological evidences of human habitation in excess of 8,000 years, and Whereas the Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites, Buildings and Monuments, recommended by the scientific importance and educational value of Russell Cave, has recommended that the cave be permanently preserved as a unit of the National Park System and Whereas Russell Cave and adjacent property are owned by the National Geographic Society to the American people for preservation as a national monument.	
	NPS	Salinas Pueblo Multiple National Monument	New Mexico	Mountain	1909	Antiquities Act	160.00	985.13		Established as Gila Quivira National Monument and designated Salinas Pueblo Multiple National Monument in 1988. WHEREAS, one of the largest and most important of the early Spanish colonial ruins, commonly known as the Gila Quivira, together with numerous Indian pueblos ruins situated in Socorro County.	
	BLM	San Juan Islands National Monument	Washington	Lopez Island	2013	Antiquities Act	970.00			March 25, 2013. Within Washington State's Puget Sound lies an archipelago of over 450 islands, rocks, and peninsulas known as the San Juan Islands. These islands form an unmatched landscape of contrasts, where forests seem to sprout from jagged and stark, snow-capped peaks to provide the backdrop for sandy beaches. Numerous wildlife species can be found here, thriving in the diverse habitats supported by the islands. The presence of a geological sites, historic lighthouses, and a few light-houses communities testifies that humans have navigated this rugged landscape for thousands of years. These lands are a refuge of scientific and historic interest and a class room for generations of Americans. BLM resources, objects, and values are the defined through management plans and/or management reports. Including Diversity Habitats Historic Lighthouses Native American Sites Wildlife	
Partially	BLM & US Forest Service	Sand to Snow National Monument	California	Palm Springs	016	Antiquities Act	154,000.00	0.00		February 12, 2016. The Sand to Snow area of southern California is an ecological and cultural treasure, a microcosm of the great geological diversity of the region. Rising from the floor of the Sonoran Desert to the tallest peak in southern California, the area features a remarkable diversity of plant and animal species. The area includes a portion of the San Bernadino National Forest and connects the area with Joshua Tree National Park to the east, knitting together a mosaic of spectacular landscapes stretching over 200 miles. The mountain peaks of the Sand to Snow area frame the four-thousand-foot peaks of Coachella Valley along with the Santa Rosa and San Jacinto Mountains National Monument to the south. Home to desert oases at Big Morongo Canyon and Whitewater Canyon, the area serves as a refuge for desert dwellers and animals and a stopover for migrating birds. The archaeological sites of the Black Lava Buttes and the historic California missions of mission and anchorage communities tell of past prosperity and struggle in this arid land. The urban expanse is an invaluable treasure for our Nation and will continue to serve as an irreplaceable resource for archaeologists, geologists, and to biologists for generations to come. BLM resources, objects and values are the defined through management plans and/or management reports. Including human history of the area, geology, plant and wildlife species diversity, desert patterns, threatened and endangered plant and animal species. Ecological opportunities, scientific research, and other studies.	
Partially	LM & US Forest Service	Santa Rosa and San Jacinto Mountains National Monument	California	Palm Springs	2000/2009	Congress	177,128.00	110,926		Biological Resources - Peninsular anthers bighorn sheep Biological Resources - Peninsular anthers bighorn sheep Cultural resource values Recreational resource values BLM resources, objects and values are the defined through management plans and/or management reports.	
	NPS	Scotts Bluff National Monument	Nebraska	Gering	1919	Antiquities Act	2,053.83	2,954.21		Scotts Bluff is an important 19th century geological formation and landmark on the Oregon Trail and Mormon Trail. It contains multiple bluffs on the south side of the North Platte River, but is named after a prominent bluff called Scotts Bluff which rises more than 830 feet above the plains at its highest point. The monument is composed of five rock formations named Crown Rock, Dome Rock, Eagle Rock, Saddle Rock, and Sentinel Rock. WHEREAS Scotts Bluff is the highest known point within the State of Nebraska, affording a view for miles over the surrounding country. WHEREAS Mitchell Pass, lying to the south of said bluff, was the used by the old Oregon Trail and said bluff was used as a landmark and rendezvous by thousands of immigrants and frontiersmen traveling said trail en route to new homes in the Northwest; and WHEREAS, in view of these facts, as well as of the scientific interest the region possesses for a geological standpoint, it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving the lands upon which the said bluff and the said pass are located as a national monument.	
	BLM	Sonoan Desert National Monument	Arizona	Phoenix	2001	Antiquities Act	486,149.00	10,000		January 17, 2001. The Sonoan Desert National Monument is a magnificent example of untrammeled Sonoan desert landscape. The area encompasses a functioning desert ecosystem with an extraordinary variety of biological, scientific, and historic resources. The most biologically diverse of the North American deserts, the monument consists of distinct mountain ranges separated by wide valleys, and includes the saguaro cactus for est communities that provide excellent habitat for a wide range of wildlife species. The monument's biological resources include a spectacular diversity of plant and animal species and an mal-species. BLM resources, objects and values are the defined through management plans and/or management reports. Including Archaeological and Historic Cereote Bush-Bu sage, Desert Tortoise, and Washes Desert Washes Diversity Plant and Animal Species Functioning Desert Ecosystem Saguaro Cactus Sand Tank Mountains Scientific analyses of plant species and climate Wildlife	
	NPS	Statue of Liberty National Monument	New York	Fort Wood	1924	Antiquities Act	2.50	58.38		Established as Fort Wood under the War Department in 1924. Transferred to NPS in 1933 and redesignated Statue of Liberty NM in 1965. AND WHEREAS, by section 2 of the Act of Congress approved June 19, 1906 (34 Stat. 225) the President is authorized to declare by public proclamation historic landmarks, historic and prehistoric structures, and other objects of historic or scientific interest that are situated upon the lands owned or controlled by the Government of the United States to be national monuments, and may reserve as a part thereof parcels of land, the limits of which in all cases shall be confined to the smallest area compatible with the proper care and management of the objects concerned.	
	NPS	Stonewall National Monument	New York	New York	2016	Antiquities Act	0.12			Stonewall National Monument serves as the first national monument that honors the history of the Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgendered (LGBT) community in the United States. The site played a pivotal role in the national LGBT civil rights movement. The new monument is located at the Stonewall Inn, a historic site in the heart of New York City. The site section of the Stonewall Inn, West 43rd Street and Greenwich Street, is the site of the Stonewall Inn, a historic site in the heart of New York City. The monument's boundary encompasses approximately 7.7 acres of land, including the Stonewall Inn, and the surrounding streets and sidewalks that were the site of the 1969 Stonewall Uprising, an event that inspired the modern LGBT civil rights movement.	
	NPS	Sunset Crater Volcano National Monument	Arizona	Flagstaff	1930	Antiquities Act	3,040.00			Established under USFS, transferred to NPS and redesignated in 1993 through 101st Congress. Established by Presidential Proclamation in 1930. Sunset Crater Volcano National Monument protects 1,040 acres of present-day the Colorado Plateau's most recent volcanic eruption. It is the youngest, least-eroded cinder cone in the San Francisco Volcanic Field and represents the only series of eruptions in the Southwest indisputably witnessed by local people.	
	NPS	Timpangos Cave National Monument	Utah	American Fork	1922	Antiquities Act	250.00			Established under USFS and transferred to NPS in 1933. The Timpangos cave system is in the Wasatch Range in the American Fork Canyon. The area includes a series of accessible: Hansen Cave, Middle Cave, and Timpangos Cave. Many colorful cave features, speleothems can be seen, including helictites, cave bacon, cave columns, flowstone, cave popcorn, and cave drapery. Set as because of unusual scientific interest and importance. WHEREAS, a natural cave, known as the Timpangos Cave, which is situated upon unsurveyed lands within the Wasatch National Forest in the State of Utah, of unusual scientific interest and importance, and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving this cave with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection of the cave as a National Monument.	

